FTWeekend

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6 March/7 March 2021

New York. It's not exactly spring yet, but after what feels like an incredibly long winter, the slight rise in temperature was enough to get me scouring the internet for exhibitions welcoming the interfect visitors. I've been so cautious and homebound the past few months, and I've missed venturing out to see art in real life, up close

his past week we hit 11C in

and personal. The Brooklyn Museum reopens its Ine prooflyn Museum reopens us long-term installation, "The Dinner Party", this weekend – a timely nod to Women's History Month. Created by Judy Chicago between 1974 and 1979, this seminal feminist artwork includes several elements of what is considered women's creft, sawing embruidery. sever an termine so what is solution to work of the solution of the several solution of the so tiles bearing the names of 999 historical and mythological women, whose lives and mythological women, whose lives and stories support and contextualise those at the table. For Chicago, these names point to "how many women had struggled into prominence or been able to make their ideas known – sometimes in the face of overwhelming obstacles – mb. dith. the supervised states the back of the source of the states of the source of t only (like the women on the table) to have their hard-earned achievements

nave their narre-earned achievements marginalised or erasset?. I have always been drawn to narra-tives about women's lives, stories thai depict not only their external realities but also give a sense of how they navi-est about invariance da. During load gate their interior worlds. During lock down, with time to think about my own down, with time to trains about my own life and next steps, I've picked up men-oirs and personal essay collections by Alice Walker, Zadie Smith, Sue Monk Kidd, bell hooks, Elizabeth Alexander and Toni Morrison. I read these women perhaps because I have always had an active interior life, a mind constantly engaging the world, all the while think-

Above: 'The

Cacophony of Silence'

by Wangari Mathenge

(2019) Below: 'At Brcakfast

by Laurits

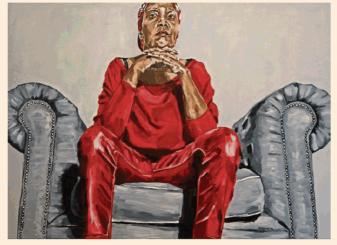
(1898)

Andersen Ring

engaging the work, an the white cannot ingabout my place in it. Twe long recognised that my subjec-tive understanding of myself as a woman, a black woman, a black woman woman, a black woman a black woman woman, a black woman a black woman woman a black woman a black woman the black woman a black woman woman a woman black woman black woman woman black woman black woman woman black woman black woman black woman black woman woman black woman bl thinker and writer, does not often match how the world sees and understands me now the world sees and understands me, and what it expects from me. This gen-eral awareness is not singular to me. It is what every woman knows to some extent: the myriad ways we are assessed by our external appearances and by our willingness to nurture others, without much similarone affordate that harabi much significance afforded to the realm of our interiority, and the value of it.

This past month I meandered my way through two books about women's lives. A biography of the 14th-century anchoress, Julian of Norwich, and an autobiography by designer Diane vor Furstenberg, born in the 20th century. Despite the distance of more than 600 Despite the distance of more than 600 years, I was struck by similarities. Both women's stories were essentially about searching for autonomy, trying to hon-our the reality of their interior lives in a world that has historically struggled to fully appreciate and celebrate them.

For Julian, her longing was for a safe and acceptable place to reflect and write abouther mystical visions and her rela-tionship with God. So she became an anchoress, living in isolation from the



Rooms of our own

As a masterpiece of feminist art reopens in New York. Enuma Okoro finds inspiration in the artists who have illuminated the inner lives of women

> world for most of her adult life, and spending her time praying, writing and giving counsel to people who would visit her through a window. For von Furstenher through a window. For von Fursten-berg, daughter of a Holocaust survivor, her desire from an early age was to be a financially independent woman who could provide for herself and her chil-dren, and pursue her dreams, however they revealed themselves. The most sig-riferent factor heim their above and nificant factor being that she could remain in charge of her own life.

> As i imagine all the social media posts and articles that will come this month celebrating women, I can't help but think about how we applaud women who have proved themselves of use to society by their public contributions, yet often fail to acknowledge the value of the interior lives of women we actu-ally know. Women whose external lives may not bear witness to the richness of their interior lives because of access to education or equitable resources, lack of education or equitable resources, lack of education or equitable resources, lack of mentors or opportunities, the responsi-bilities of raising children and maintain-ing homes, sometimes alone, some-times as sole breadwinners. I wonder about how much societies lose when womens interior lives are neither nur-tured not idea scripacity. tured nor taken seriously. Though I often abhor generalisations,

I do believe it is the experience of many women to have been expected or encouraged at some point to minimise themselves, to make their very exist-

ence more palatable to others. There often seems to be a cost for any woman who wants her thoughts, ideas, and self-

who wants her moughts, heave, and sen-estimations to be acknowledged and taken seriously. One of the reasons I seek out written narratives by women is because I can recognise some sense of myself in other women across time, despite location, despite despite across the despite location, despite class, race, ethnicity or cultural despite cases, face, ethnicity of cutural heritage. It know how, despite what a patriarchal world might think, the inner life of a woman can be a sanctuary, an entire world safe from intrusion, expec-tation and manipulation. Thave found this timeless sense of sol-idarity in printings as used. O can of the

idarity in paintings as well. One of the most memorable experiences in this most memorable experiences in this regard occurred many years ago now, while I was antiquing through a small town In North Carollna. I came across a framed print of the 1898 painting, "At Breakfast," by Danish painter Laurits Andersen Ring. In the painting, housed at the National Maneuro of Standan the at the National Museum of Sweden, the artist's wife sits at an uncleared breakartist's wile sits at an uncleared break-fast table. We see condiments and rem-nants of the morning meal on the white tablecloth, which she will eventually have to clear. But in this moment, she sits in a peacock blue ladderback chaft with woven straw seating, part of the matching blue dining table and sideboard and hutch. Her back is towards us, and her elbows rest on the table as she leans forward. She is engrossed in the morning paper, Politiken: a woman

interested in, and reflecting on, what is happening in the external world, a world traditionally reserved for men. We have no idea what the woman looks like beyond her auburn hair

looks like beyond her auburn hair packed in a messy bun, and the slim sli-houette of her body, dressed ankle to high neckline in a light peach dress, cinched at the waist. Wesse the plants in the roomto which she will at some point have to tend. The light that streams in from the open door reminds me of a similar shade of golden sunlight that neurs linto we own during room similar shake of goiden sumight that pours into my own dining room between 7.30am and 8am. I always think of it as a magical, peaceful time of morn-ing. I fell in love with this painting as soon as I saw it because I know exactly what it feels like to have a full, buzzing buses uddenkernmytour in the mornwhat it teels like to have a full, buzzing house suddenly empty out in the morn-ing, leaving you with a silence you can sink into with a deep sense of gratitude and relief. Time to think and engage your mind, if only for a brief while. The fascinating thing about this woman is that she, too, is an artist. Her name is Sigrid Kähler. Once she got married in 1966 she meether but adde

married in 1896, she mostly put aside married in 1896, sine mostry put aslae ceranics and painting to raise her fam-ily and be a housewife. We have several beautiful paintings of her, by her hus-band, many of which show her in reflec-tive solitary moments. There is very lit-tle of her own work available. I bought the formed internal house it is more as the framed print and hung it in my own diningroom

The 2019 contemporary figurative work, "The Cacophony of Silence," by Kenyan artist Wangari Mathenge, offers another look at the theme of women's interiority. Mathenge is known for her focus on black female identity and using her work to address issues of their visibility. The woman in this painting sits squarely on the edge of an oversized,

In the lives of a 14th-century anchoress and a 20th century designer, we see the struggle for autonomy

throne-like grey armchair, staring at the viewer from an elevated vantage point. Her chin resting firmly on her clasped hands, she is neither smiling nor frownnands, she is heither smuling nor frown-ing. Rather, her face conveys a strong sense of self and inner knowing. She's dressed in a vibrant red trouser suit, with all that colours implications of pas-sion, power, life blood, agency. This woman gazes at us with an bloot bloot is statistications of the statistication of the statistication of the statistication of the statistication of the last statistication of the statistication of the

This woman gazes at us with an almost daring invitation to not take her seriously. What she is thinking is any-one's guess but there is no doubt that her mind is active and engaged. Just as surely, we get the impression that no societal expectations can deter her from being the women the alcoudt hereor being the woman she already knows herself to be

herselitobe. For most of history, women's spheres were interior or enclosed spaces: kitch-ens, compounds, classrooms, bed-rooms, libraries, hospitals. Yet despite the injustice of this, to me there still remains a beauty in thinking about the uncharted freedom women have in cultivating their own interior lives: vibrant, boundless rooms of their own.

EnumaOkoro is a writer and speaker